Overview state guidance on smallpox vaccine adverse events monitoring and response:

The role of the AE coordinator

Susan E. Reef, MD

State Health Department Training

Smallpox Vaccine Adverse Event Workshop

January 22-23, 2002





- "Ensuring that adverse events are identified, treated, quantified and evaluated will be critical to the success of the pre-event smallpox vaccination program."
 - Early recognition, evaluation and appropriate treatment of AEs
 - Detecting adverse reactions and evaluating them early will be the first step in this process.



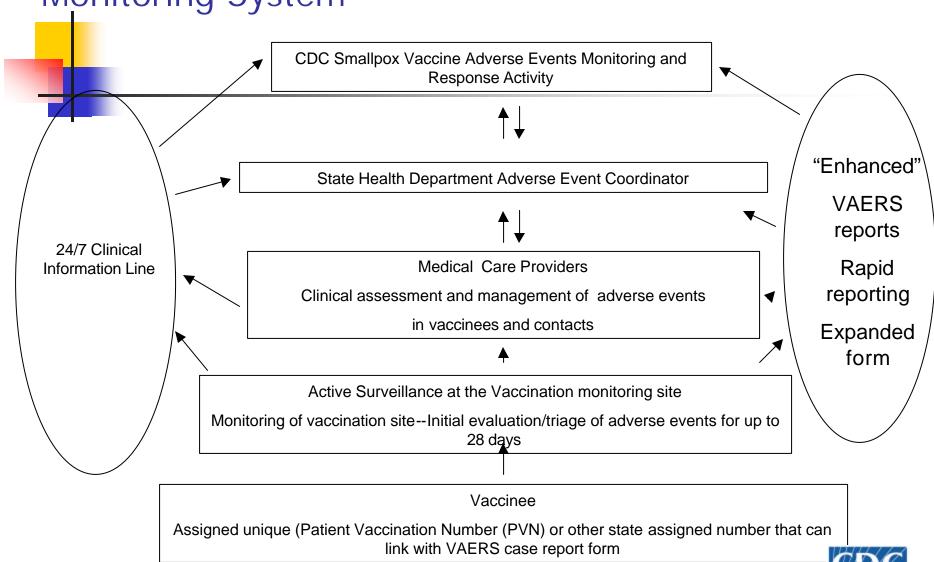


IOM Report

"the Committee strongly recommends that active surveillance for adverse events be employed...."



Smallpox Vaccine Adverse Events Monitoring System





- Establish and coordinate smallpox adverse events reporting and tracking system
 - Active surveillance for adverse events
- Facilitate training and communication with persons and organizations responsible for adverse event reporting and management
- Identify and track clinically significant adverse events in collaboration with CDC
 - Case investigation to verify diagnosis
 - Monitor clinical course and outcome
- Facilitate VIG/Cidofovir release as appropriate





- Provide 24/7 coverage
- Establish Active Surveillance
 - to detect and document the occurrence of clinically significant AEs
- Vaccine Recipients
 - Given instructions at time of vaccination
 - Day 6-8 take check and assess for AE
 - Day 21-28 assess for AE
 - Their contacts?



Identification of Adverse Events

- How will adverse events be detected?
 - Public Health Response Team
 - Self –reporting via hotline
 - Health Care Provider
 - HCW monitoring of vaccination site
 - Use of the Web-based hospital system



Evaluation of Suspected Adverse Events

- Who will be responsible for the evaluation of suspected adverse events?
 - Health Care Workers
 - Occupational Physicians
 - Subspecialists
 - Public Health Response Teams
 - Physicians state or local
 - What is the role of the State or the Clinician Information Lines





Management and Tracking of Clinically Significant Adverse Events

- Plan for requesting of VIG/Cidofovir:
 - Who is responsible for requesting?
 - Who in the SHD is responsible for follow-up including the IND paperwork?
- Tracking of Clinically Significant AEs
 - A designated person at the State Health Department should be responsible for tracking



Reporting of Adverse Events

- Who will be responsible for filing VAERS report?
 - Providers
 - State Health Department
 - How will reporting be conducted?
 - Electronically
 - Paper Faxing



Reports

- Several reports will be generated from multiple place (Internal, local health department, CDC)
- Need to coordinate so information provided is the same – date-time stamp, share reports





- Communicate with medical organizations
- Communicate with media on vaccine safety issues
- Inform medical providers about smallpox vaccination program
 - Where to obtain information
 - What and where to report



Conclusion

 The role of the AE coordinator is key to the success of the Adverse Events Monitoring System

